

Greene County Health Care, Inc
Attachment A
Sliding Fee Income Classes
Based on Annual Family Income

Medical	\$30.00	25% of charges	50% of charges	75% of charges	100% of charges
Behavioral Health	\$10.00	25% of charges	50% of charges	75% of charges	100% of charges
Household Unit Size	A	B	C	D	E
	<or=100% Poverty	>100%-150% Poverty	>150%-175% Poverty	>175%-200% Poverty	>200% Poverty
1	0-13,590	13,591-20,385	20,386-23,782	23,783-27,180	>27,180
2	0-18,310	18,311-27,465	27,466-32,042	32,043-36,620	>36,620
3	0-23,030	23,031-34,545	34,546-40,302	40,303-46,060	>46,060
4	0-27,750	27,751-41,625	41,626-48,562	48,563-55,500	>55,500
5	0-32,470	32,471-48,705	48,706-56,822	56,823-64,940	>64,941
6	0-37,190	37,191-55,785	55,786-65,082	65,083-75,820	>75,820
7	0-41,910	41,911-62,865	62,866-73,342	73,343-83,820	>83,820
8	0-46,630	46,631-69,945	69,946-81,602	81,603-93,260	>92,260

NOTE: For family units with more than eight (8) members add \$5,900 for each additional member

Based on HHS Guidelines Published 01/21/2021 Federal Register

Family size is defined as a group of individuals, related or unrelated, living together or separately, that are supported by the same set of income resources. Patients must list each individual and the amount of gross income they contribute to the family income. Patients should not include in family size individuals living in the household who have their own income and are not dependent on the income of the individuals listed on the sliding fee application. Patients in temporary living conditions (i.e. migrant workers, individuals in shelters, and families doubling up) should follow the same family size definition above and not include other individuals living in the unit unless they are dependent on the same income. College students should be included in the "family size" with the individuals on whose income they are dependent. Gross income includes: earnings, unemployment compensation, workers' compensation, Social Security, Supplemental Security Income (SSI), public assistance, veterans' payments, survivor benefits, pension or retirement income, interest, dividends, rents, royalties, income from estates, trusts, educational assistance, alimony, child support, assistance from outside the household, and other miscellaneous sources. For individuals providing a tax return as proof of income, gross income is defined as "adjusted gross income" on line 37 Form 1040, line 21 Form 1040A or line 4 on form 1040EZ. Noncash benefits (such as SNAP and housing subsidies) do not count. A patient may have Medicare, Medicaid or private insurance and still qualify for the SFDP. The patient is required to fill out a sliding fee application, and provide proof of income for everyone in the family as defined above. The maximum charge for an insured patient who is eligible for the SFDP will be the maximum amount an eligible patient in that pay class is required to pay for that certain service, subject to GCHC's legal and contractual limitations. Sliding fee discounts will be applied to copays and deductibles for qualified insured patients as allowed by any contractual arrangements with their insurance carrier